

**Do you want to be  
able to keep up with  
your kids online?**



**“My kids know more about the internet than I do...”**



# What happened in an Internet minute - 2020?



Google  
**4.1m search queries**



Facebook  
**13m logged in**



Instagram  
**698k scrolls**



Twitter  
**194k tweets**



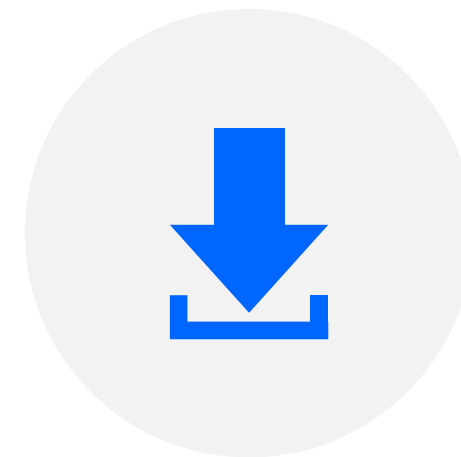
WhatsApp &  
FB Messenger  
**59m messages sent**



TikTok  
**14k downloads**



Twitch  
**12m views**



**400k apps**  
downloaded



**11m**  
spent online



# There are lots of positives...



Online games can enhance teamwork and creativity



Add to the child's store of knowledge



Households with computers perform better academically



Improve both visual intelligence and hand-eye coordination

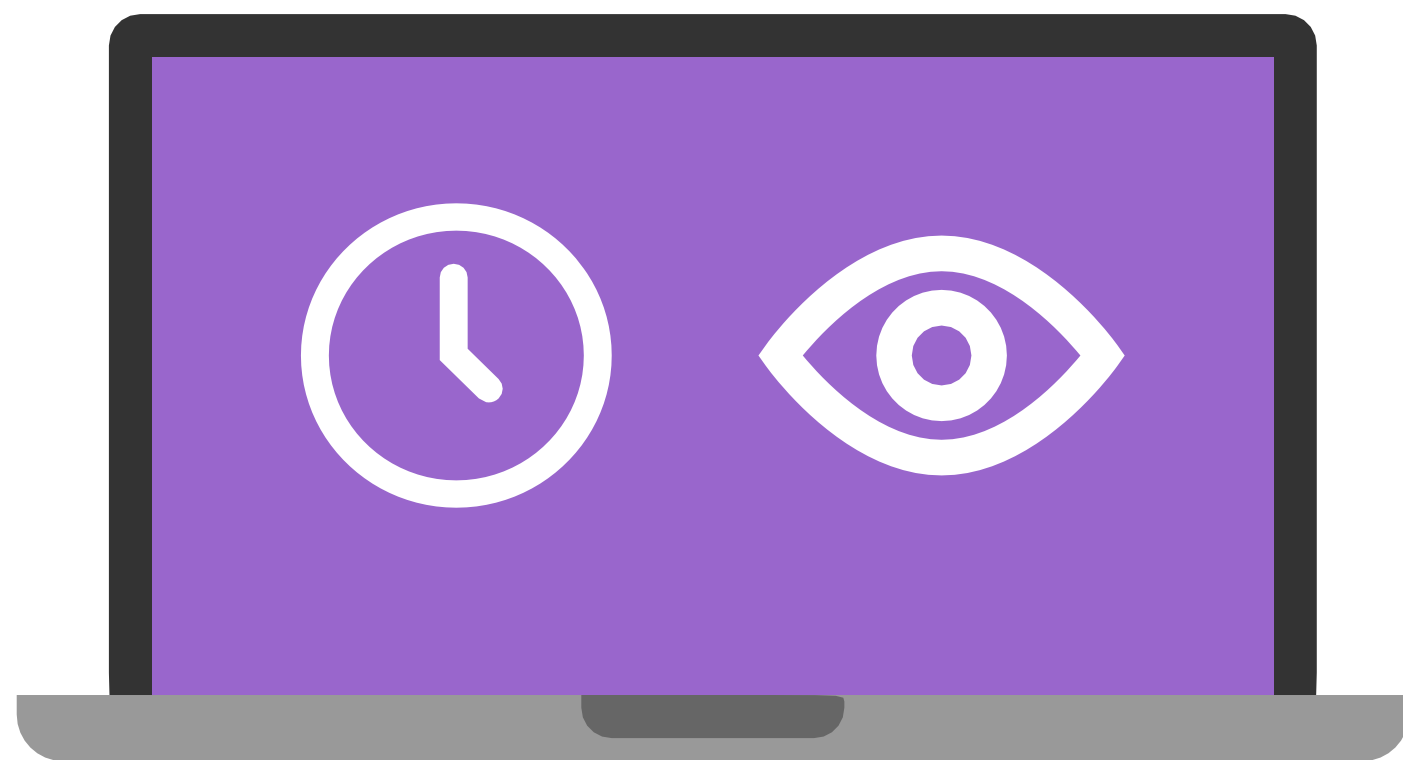
**89% of 8-11 year olds said that using social media made them feel happy and 82% said it helped them to feel closer to their friends**

2020 Ofcom



# But technology can affect children's development...

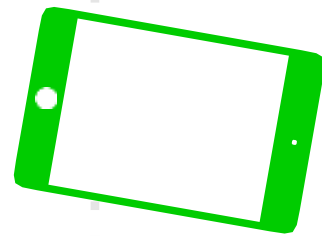
- **Sleep cycles** are affected by blue light from screens
- Screen-based entertainment **increases central nervous system arousal**
- Children today are **more forgetful** than OAP's
- One study found that the **more distracted** you are, the less able you are to experience empathy
- Gaming platforms use persuasive design in order to keep people using their product, and **children are particularly vulnerable** to these tactics.



# Media usage by age

**6 in 10** use any device to go online

**2%** have their own tablet



**27%** use a smartphone to go online and **63%** use a tablet to do the same



**62%** play games for just over **6 hours a week**

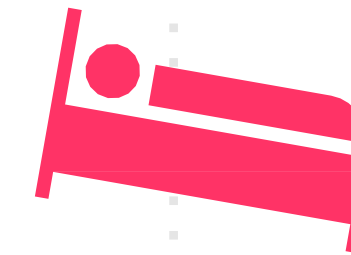
**66%** play games online



**25%** use a smart speaker in the home



**74%** who own a smartphone are allowed to take it to bed with them



**81%** use their phone to go online and **69%** to do the same

**36%** more likely to watch streams on a mobile device



**35%** play games online



**45%** use a smartphone to go online and **72%** use a tablet to do the same



**37%** own their own smartphone

**98%** spent over 11 hours of streaming from a device per week



**83%** have their own smartphone

**51%** use YouTube in 2019 compared to 37% in 2016



**5%** have their own smartphone





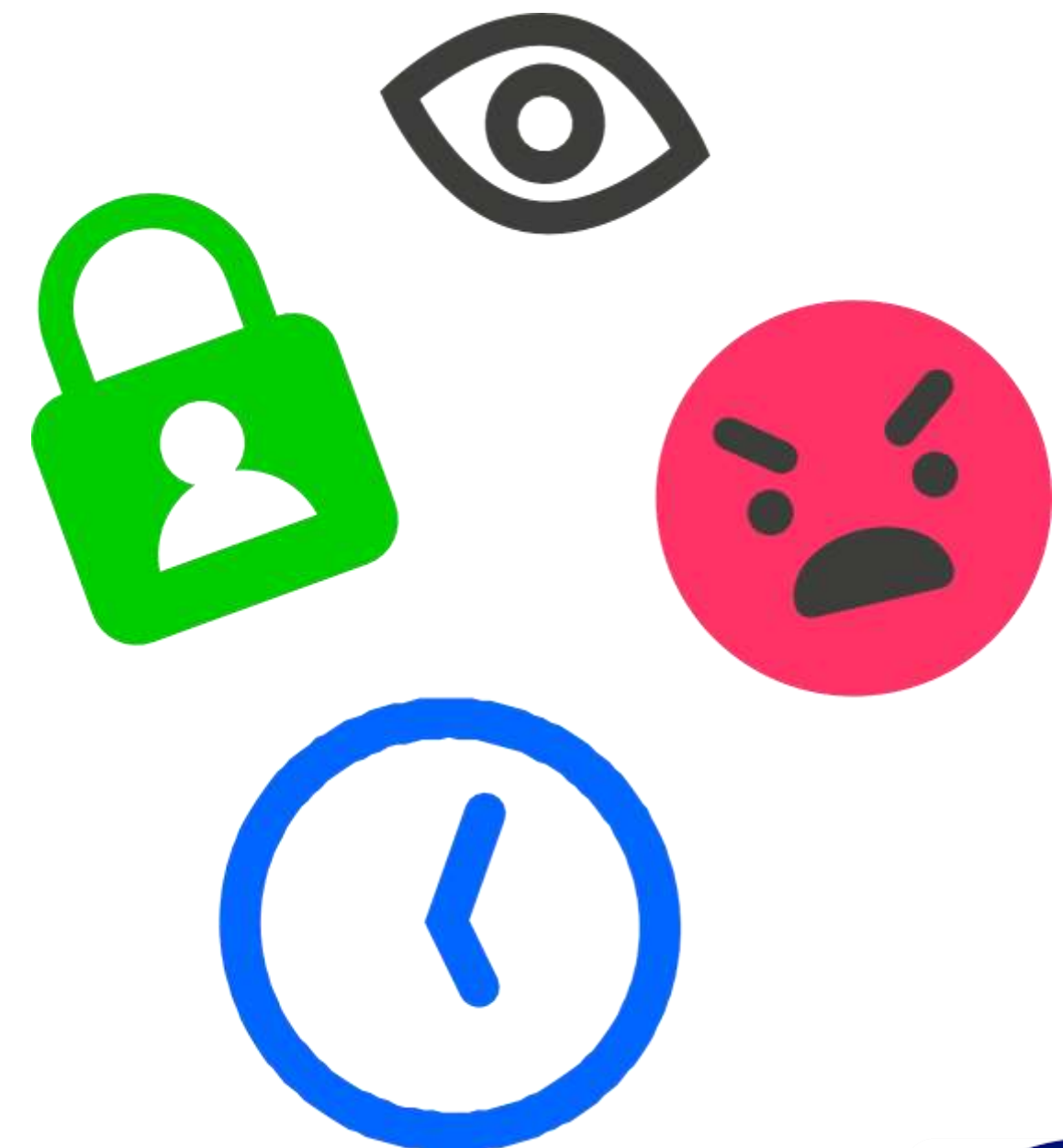
# And there are risks...

High-Risk Online Scenarios					
Risks	Contact	Content	Conduct	Cyber scams	Overall risk – all 4Cs' together
Vulnerabilities					
Special Educational Needs	Predicts contact risks. Includes sexting under pressure, coercion, blackmail, or threats to send more images				Significantly higher score for basket of all high-risk online scenarios
Communication			Predicts conduct risks. More likely to visit gambling sites and chat rooms	May struggle to understand T&Cs - can leave them more susceptible to scams	Significantly vulnerable to the basket of all high-risk online scenarios
Family / Social (care-experienced)		Higher exposure to harmful content		Particularly susceptible to cyber scams. This can link to being a victim of online aggression.	High overall risk for the basket of all high-risk online scenarios
Mental health difficulties					Significantly high risk for the basket of all high-risk online scenarios
Physical disabilities			Predicts conduct risks. More likely to visit sites with adult content.		Significantly more likely to experience a basket of all high-risk online scenarios



# Risks parents are concerned about

Concerns	% of parents
Encouraging self-harm	62%
Privacy and data collection	50%
Cyberbullying	45%
Radicalisation	41%
Excessive screen time	25%





# Risk is not harm

**Positive action can limit risks becoming harmful. Here are 5 tips for parents:**

**1**

Understand the risks

**2**

Communicate regularly

**3**

Keep the risks in proportion

**4**

Agree on helpful mediation strategies

**5**

Develop coping strategies that foster resilience



# Dealing with inappropriate CONTENT

**4.7  
million**

URLs showing  
pornographic content –  
**more than 12%** of the internet

**11  
years**

Average age to **first  
view porn online**

**1/3**

of children have **seen explicit  
images** by age of 10



# Dealing with inappropriate CONTENT

## What to talk about

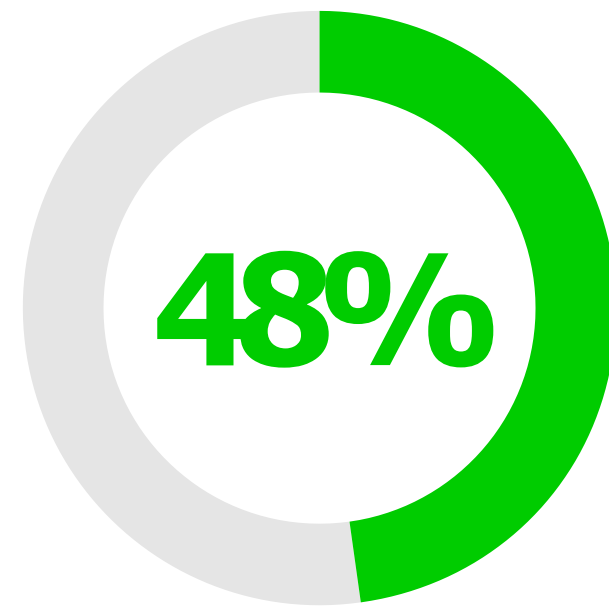
- They can come to you if they see anything that upsets them
- If they have seen pornography... that it presents an unrealistic image of sex and relationships
- The importance of respect for each other and the meaning of consent

## Top tips / tools to use

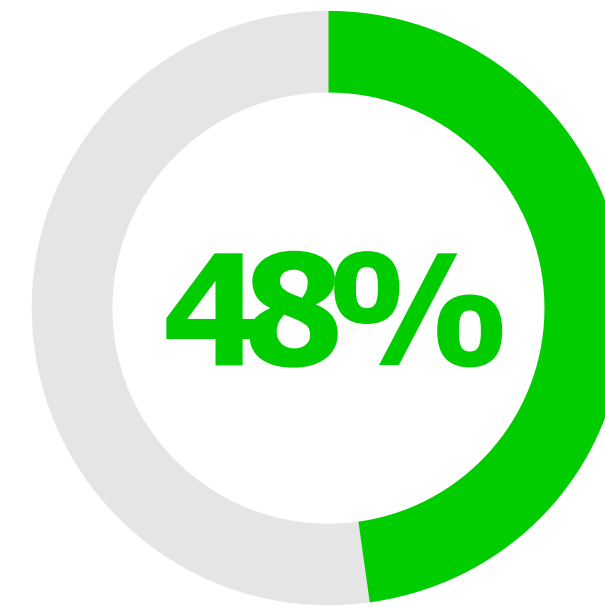
- Parental controls on home broadband
- Content lock on mobile networks
- Safe search on Google (& other browsers) & YouTube; child-friendly search engines



# Dealing with inappropriate CONTACT



of secondary school children  
have talked to strangers  
on social media



of 11year olds have a  
social media profile



# Dealing with inappropriate CONTACT

## What to talk about

- Sometimes people hide behind fake profiles for dishonest reasons
- Agree how they will respond to requests from people they don't know in real life
- Never ever to meet up with anyone they don't know in real life

## Top tips / tools to use

- Set up safe social media profiles that don't share personal information
- Turn off geolocation settings on devices
- Use the strongest privacy settings on social media
- Learn how to report/block/mute



# Dealing with inappropriate CONDUCT



25%

of children will  
experience cyberbullying



50%

of children say someone  
has been nasty online





# Dealing with inappropriate CONDUCT

## What to talk about

- Talk to a trusted adult if they experience anything upsetting online
- Think carefully about sharing images of others
- Be responsible online, remembering they are creating their own digital footprint

## Top tips / tools to use

- Report inappropriate posts/content to the social media providers
- Think carefully about using monitoring apps that identify inappropriate behaviour



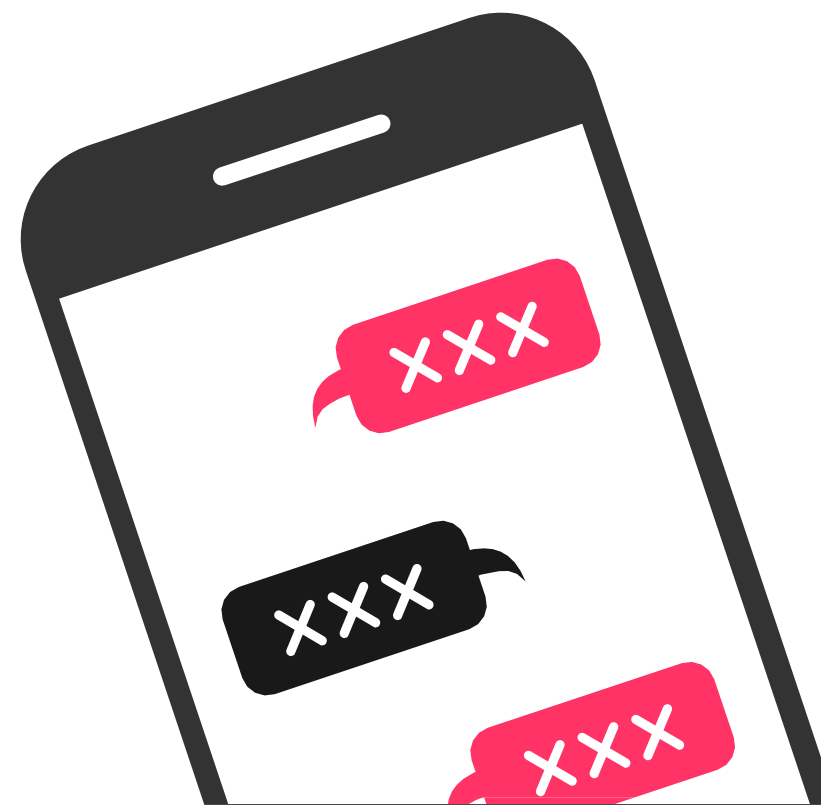
# Dealing with 'SEXTING'

**15-  
40%**

of young people are  
involved in sexting  
Threat comes **mostly  
from peers** and  
is often coercive

## What to talk about

- It's hard to control where images might be shared
- It's illegal to create or share a sexual image of a child under 18



## Top tips / tools to use

- **The T-shirt test** – if you wouldn't wear the picture on your T-shirt, don't share it online
- If your child is involved in sexting, contact CEOP & Childline who can help to remove images



# What are children taught in school?

## KS1

Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies

## KS2

Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact

## KS3

Understand a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy; recognise inappropriate content, contact and conduct, and know how to report concerns

## KS4

Understand how changes in technology affect safety, including new ways to protect their online privacy and identity, and how to report a range of concerns



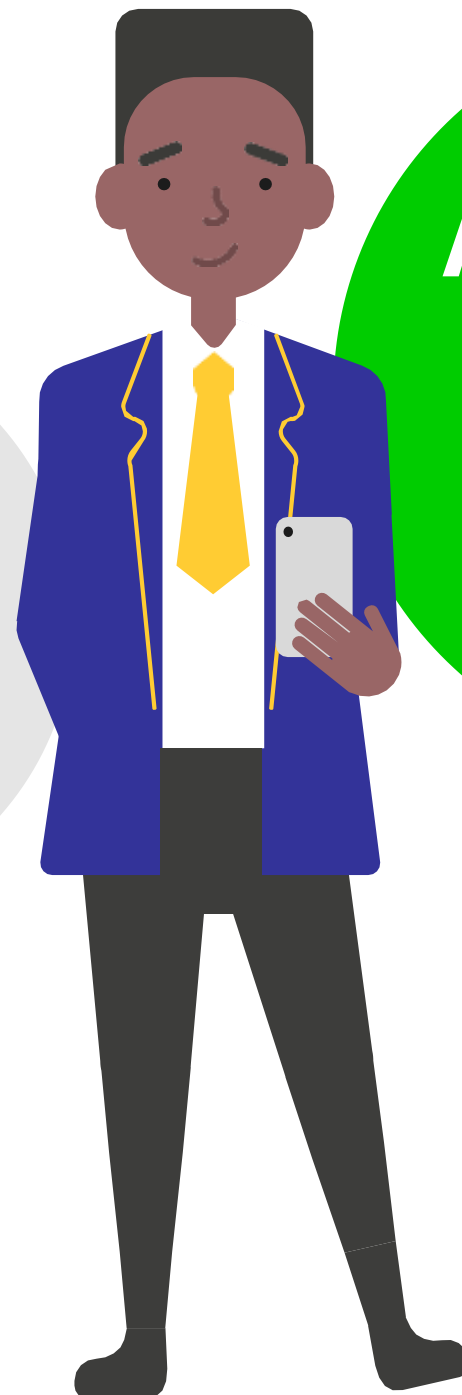
# In addition, schools embed it across...

**Computing  
curriculum**

**PSHE  
lessons**

**Appropriate  
filters and  
monitoring  
system**

**Curriculum  
and safeguarding  
assessed as  
part of Ofsted  
framework**



# Controlling tech time

Your children will be watching the way you use technology and they will copy; make sure there is some consistency in how you **role model** good behaviour:

1

Turn off notifications on apps to avoid that constant 'ping'

4

'No phones at the table' rule or 'no phones between 6 and 7' rule

2

Buy an alarm clock so you don't have devices in the bedrooms

5

Family tech-free days!

3

Keep phone on silent in your pocket or bag when you pick the kids from school



# Controlling tech time

And there are tactics you can put in place **to help manage** their screen time....

1

Set a good example

2

Talk together about the time spent online

3

Agree on appropriate length of time they can use their device

4

Get the whole family to unplug & create screen-free zones

5

Use technology/apps to help manage screen time e.g. Forest App





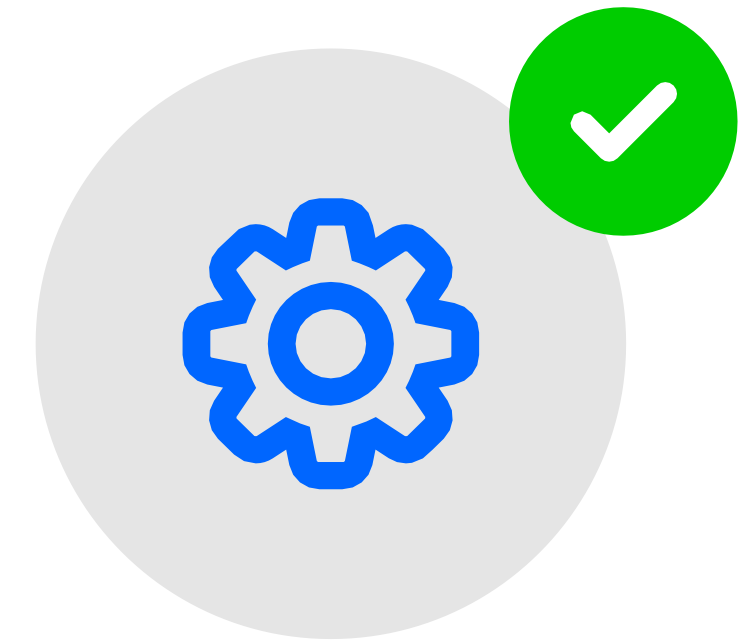
# Three things to teach your child



**Be a confident  
communicator**



**Be a critical  
thinker**

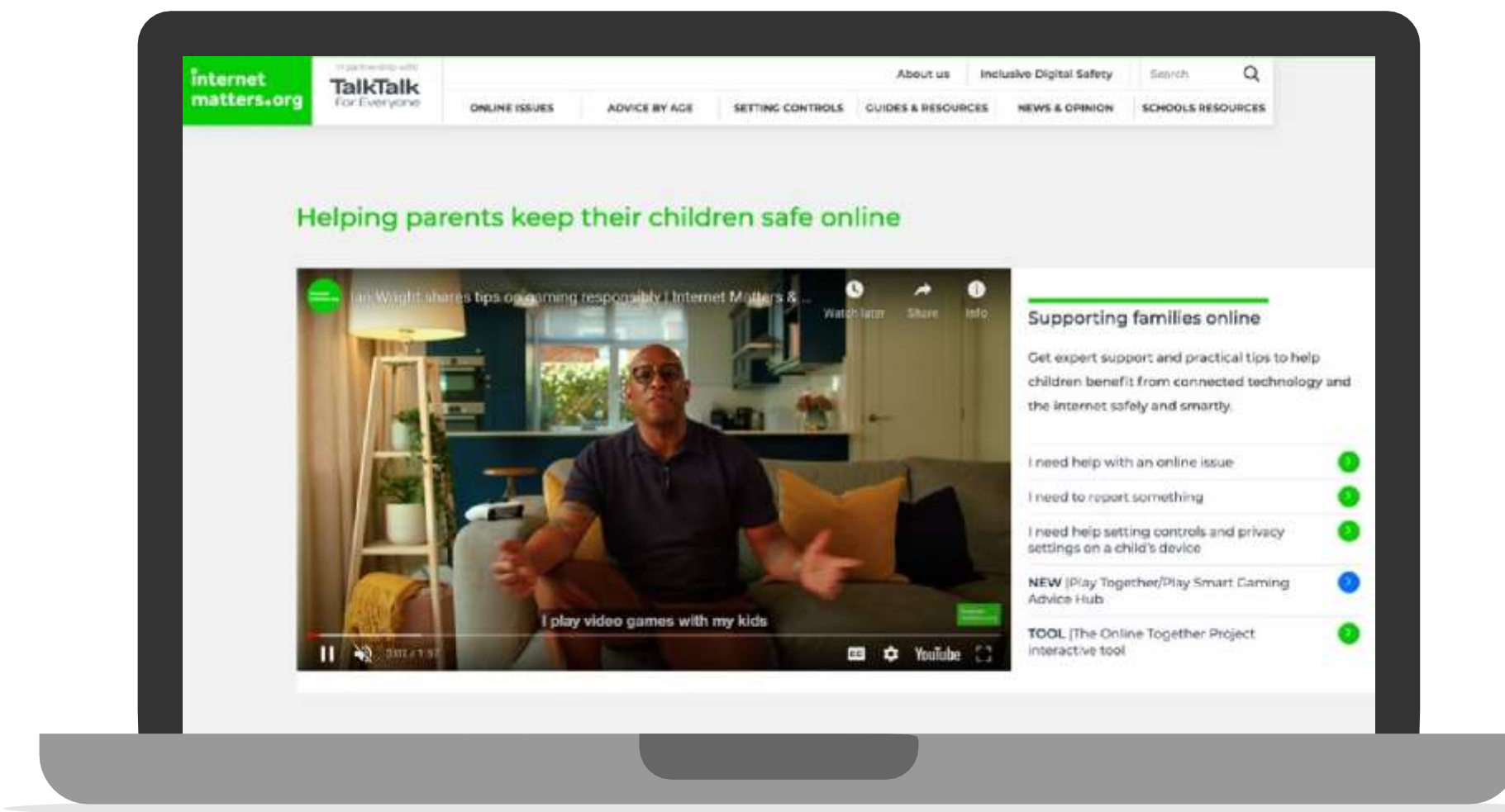


**Be a capable  
tools user**



# Internet Matters

Our vision is to motivate & educate parents to guide their children to stay safe online



**InternetMatters**



**internetmatters**



**@im\_org**



# Other useful support services



## **Child Exploitation & Online Protection Centre**

For concerns about online sexual abuse or the way someone has been communicating online  
[ceop.police.uk/CEOP-Reporting/](https://ceop.police.uk/CEOP-Reporting/)

The logo for the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children (NSPCC). It consists of the letters 'NSPCC' in a bold, green, sans-serif font.

## **NSPCC Net Aware**

A guide to social networks that children use  
[net-aware.org.uk](https://net-aware.org.uk)



## **Childline 0800 1111**

24 hour free helpline service for children and young people

